Silver Queen Artemisia

Artemisia ludoviciana 'Silver Queen'



Silver Queen Artemisia foliage
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Height: 24 inches

Spread: 4 feet

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 2

Other Names: Wormwood, Sage, Mugwort

Description:

Beautiful silvery foliage, fuzzy and soft like lamb's ears; this vigorous and nearly industructible plant spreads wide and grows tall; native plant that can be used for smudges, perfect for xeriscapes

Ornamental Features

Silver Queen Artemisia's attractive tomentose narrow leaves remain grayish green in colour throughout the season on a plant with an upright spreading habit of growth.

Landscape Attributes

Silver Queen Artemisia is an herbaceous perennial with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other garden plants with less refined foliage.

This plant will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Spreading
- Self-Seeding

Silver Queen Artemisia is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens

Planting & Growing

Silver Queen Artemisia will grow to be about 24 inches tall at maturity, with a spread of 4 feet. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a fast rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for a low-water garden or xeriscape application. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for clay, alkaline soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selection of a native North American species. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.